

International Standard

ISO/IEC 19790

Information security, cybersecurity and privacy protection — Security requirements for cryptographic modules

Sécurité de l'information, cybersécurité et protection de la vie privée — Exigences de sécurité pour les modules cryptographiques

Third edition 2025-02



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Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives or www.iso.org/directives<

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This document was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 27, *Information security, cybersecurity and privacy protection*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO/IEC 19790:2012), which has been technically revised. It also incorporates the Technical Corrigendum ISO/IEC 19790:2012/Cor 1:2015.

The main changes are as follows:

- Clauses 3, 4 and 5 have been refined and updated to reflect changes in requirements in Clause 7;
- the language in Clause 6 has been refined and modernized;
- in <u>Clause 7</u>, the requirements have been reworded and rearranged for clarity. New requirements have been added, and redundant or unnecessary requirements removed;
- Annexes A and B have been updated to reflect changes in requirements in Clause 7;
- Annexes C, \underline{D} and \underline{E} have been restructured and updated in line with standards published since the previous edition, as well as with examples of rate limiting methods;
- Annex F has been updated with the inclusion of ISO/IEC 17825; and
- new Annex G on module secure development, manufacturing and operation has been added.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html and www.iso.org/members.html and www.iso.org/members.html and

Introduction

In information technology there is an ever-increasing need to use cryptographic mechanisms, such as for the protection of data against unauthorized disclosure or manipulation, for entity authentication and for non-repudiation. The security and reliability of such mechanisms are directly dependent on the cryptographic modules in which they are implemented.

This document provides four increasing qualitative levels of security requirements intended to cover a wide range of potential applications and environments. The cryptographic techniques are identical over the four security levels defined in this document. The security requirements cover areas relative to the design and implementation of a cryptographic module. These areas include:

- cryptographic module specification;
- cryptographic module interfaces;
- roles, services, and authentication;
- software/firmware security;
- operational environment;
- physical security;
- non-invasive security;
- sensitive security parameter management;
- self-tests;
- life-cycle assurance; and
- mitigation of other attacks.

The overall security rating or the security level within each area of a cryptographic module is chosen to provide a level of security which is appropriate for the security requirements of the application and environment in which the module is utilized and for the security services that the module is to provide. The responsible authority in each organization should ensure that their computer and telecommunication systems that utilize cryptographic modules provide an appropriate level of security for the given application and environment. Since each authority is responsible for selecting which approved security functions are appropriate for a given application, conformity with this document does not imply either full interoperability or mutual acceptance of compliant products. The importance of security awareness and of making information security a management priority should be communicated to all concerned.

Information security requirements vary for different applications; organizations should identify their information resources and determine the sensitivity to and the potential impact of a loss by implementing appropriate controls. Controls include, but are not limited to:

- physical and environmental controls;
- access controls;
- system security maintenance and patch management;
- backup and contingency plans; and
- information and data controls.

These controls are only as effective as the administration of appropriate security policies and procedures within the operational environment.

Conformity with this document is not sufficient to ensure that a module is secure or that the security provided by the module is sufficient and acceptable to the owner of the information that is being protected.

Owners of sensitive information are expected to assess the risks to their information and to deploy cryptographic modules as part of their overall risk mitigation plan, in order to mitigate specific identified risks. The security policy of the module, which outlines its strengths and limitations, is expected to be followed for any given deployment.

Information security, cybersecurity and privacy protection — Security requirements for cryptographic modules

1 Scope

This document specifies the security requirements for a cryptographic module utilized within a security system protecting sensitive information in Information and Communication Technologies (ICT). It defines four security levels for cryptographic modules to provide for a wide spectrum of data sensitivity and a diversity of application environments. This document specifies up to four security levels for each of the 11 requirement areas with each security level increasing security over the preceding level.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.